

PSYCHOLOGY

APA Style Sheet

Updated 9/15/2009

When writing a psychology paper, *you must give credit for quotations or ideas taken from sources other than yourself, whether you are paraphrasing or quoting authors directly.* At the end of the paper, include a reference page completely listing all sources cited using the author's last name and the source date.

IN –TEXT CITATIONS**Direct quotation: Citing a quotation in the middle of a sentence**

Ex: The authors stress that students must have “knowledge of bibliographic tools” (Nguyen & Davis, 1993, p. 12), but fail to mention which tools are most useful.

Direct quotation: Citing a quotation at the end of a sentence

Ex: The authors require “knowledge of bibliographic tools” (Nguyen & Davis, 1993, p. 12).

No direct quotation: Crediting a source when the author's name is mentioned in your paper

Ex: Ivanovich (2003) states that Franklin was considering a new invention.

No direct quotation: Crediting a source when the author's name is not mentioned in your paper

Ex: One historian believes that Franklin was considering a new invention (Ivanovich, 2003).

REFERENCE PAGE AT END OF PAPER

- Include a complete reference for each citation included in your paper. Do not include any items that you did not actually cite.
- Alphabetize references by author. Multiple references by one author are arranged by year of publication, with the earliest year listed first.
- The first line of a citation is aligned flush left; remaining lines are indented five spaces. This can be done in Microsoft Office Word 2007, by clicking on the little arrow to the right of the word “Paragraph” on the “Home” tab, then choosing “Hanging” from the drop down menu listed under “Special” on the “Indentation” menu.
- Double-space all references.

GENERAL RULES FOR AUTHORS AND TITLES

Author's names are inverted. The last name is followed by a comma and their initial(s). Up to seven authors' names are all listed. When eight or more authors are listed, include the first six, and then insert three ellipses, and the last author's name. Capitalize the first word of title, subtitles, and all proper names. Italicize book and journal titles.

BOOKS – PUBLICATION INFORMATION

Give the location (city and state or, if outside of the U.S., city and country) where the publisher is located, as noted on the title page. If the publisher is a university, and the name of the state or province is included in the university's name, do not repeat it. States and territories are abbreviated using the official two-letter U.S. Postal abbreviations. Use a colon after the location. The publisher's name follows. Omit superfluous terms in the publisher's name like *Publisher, Co.* or *Inc.* but retain *Books* or *Press*.

Book with one author

Wechsler, D. (1987). *Wechsler Memory Scale—Revised*. San Antonio, TX: Psychological Corporation.

Book with several authors

Wilson, B. A., Alderman, N., Burgess, P. W., Emslie, H. C., & Evans, J. J. (1996). *The Behavioural Assessment of the Dysexecutive Syndrome*. Flempton, Bury St. Edmunds, England: Thames Valley Test Company.

Chapter in a book

Lang, P. J., Bradley, M. M., & Cuthbert, B. N. (1997). Motivated attention: Affect, activation, and action.

In P. J. Lang, R. F. Simons, & M. Balaban (Eds.), *Attention and orienting: Sensory and motivational processes* (pp. 97–135). Mahwah, NJ: Erlbaum.

JOURNALS – PUBLICATION INFORMATION

Publication information: list volume, issue number (for magazine article) page numbers, and DOI (Digital Object Identifier), if available.

Journal articles with DOI

Anderson, A. K. (2005). Affective influences on the attentional dynamics supporting awareness. *Journal of Experimental Psychology: General*, 134, 258–281. doi:10.1037/0096-3445.134.2.258

Journal article without DOI

Anderson, A. K., Christoff, K., Panitz, D., De Rosa, E., & Gabrieli, J. D. E. (2003). Neural correlates of the automatic processing of threat facial signals. *Journal of Neuroscience*, 23, 5627–5633.

Journal article with more than seven authors

Rosler, A., Ulrich, C., Billino, J., Sterzer, P., Weidauer, S., Bernhardt, T., ... Kleinschmidt, A. (2005). Effects of arousing emotional scenes on the distribution of visuospatial attention: Changes with aging and early subcortical vascular dementia. *Journal of the Neurological Sciences*, 229, 109–116. doi:10.1016/j.jns.2004.11.007

Online Magazine article

Clay, R. (2008, June). Science vs. Ideology: Psychologists fight back about the misuse of research. *Monitor on Psychology*, 39(6). Retrieved from <http://www.apa.org/monitor/>

For additional examples see: <http://flash1r.apa.org/apastyle/basics/data/resources/sample-references.pdf>

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